Identify, Isolate, Inform: Ambulatory Care Evaluation of Patients with Possible 2019 Novel Coronavirus Infection

Identify exposure history:
In the 14 days before symptom onset, patient traveled from China or had close contact with a confirmed or suspected case of 2019 novel Coronavirus (nCoV).

Identify signs and symptoms:
Fever (subjective or >100.4°F or 38.0°C) or symptoms of lower respiratory illness, such as cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.

Isolate and Prevent Transmission:
- Place mask on patient.
- Escort patient to exam room immediately and close the door.
- Healthcare Personnel (HCP) entering the exam room must wear a gown, gloves, and a standard mask (N-95 mask if test fitted), and eye protection (goggles or face shield).
- Only essential HCP and Clinician should evaluate the patient.

Inform:
- Contact your local Public Health Department IMMEDIATELY.
- Coordinate next steps, specimen collection and discharge from Clinic with Public Health.
- If patient will be discharged to a lab or other health care facility, notify receiving facility of suspected diagnosis.

Questions? Contact your Infection Preventionist or your Division Lead for Quality.